

Soluciones (versión  $\beta$ , puede contener errores)

$x^2 - 25 = 0$	$x^2 = 25$	$x = \pm\sqrt{25}$	$x_1 = 5; x_2 = -5$
$x^2 - 2 = 0$		$x = \pm\sqrt{2}$	$x_1 = \sqrt{2}; x_2 = -\sqrt{2}$
$x^2 + 36 = 0$	$x^2 = -36$	$x = \sqrt{-36}$	No tiene solución
$x^2 = 60$		$x = \pm\sqrt{60}$	$x_1 = 2\sqrt{15}; x_2 = -2\sqrt{15}$
$\frac{x}{4} = \frac{12}{x}$		$x^2 = 48$	$x_1 = 4\sqrt{3}; x_2 = -4\sqrt{3}$
$x^2 - 16 = 0$			$x_1 = 4; x_2 = -4$
$3x^2 = 0$			$x = 0$
$x^2 + 25 = 9$			No tiene solución
$x^2 + 9 = 25$			$x_1 = 4; x_2 = -4$
$4x^2 + 5 = 8$			$x_1 = \sqrt{3}/2; x_2 = -\sqrt{3}/2$
$x^2 - 16 = 20$			$x_1 = 2; x_2 = -2$
$9x^2 - 25 = 0$			$x_1 = 5\sqrt{3}/3; x_2 = -5\sqrt{3}/3$
$2x^2 + 3 = 7$			$x_1 = \sqrt{2}; x_2 = -\sqrt{2}$
$8 - x^2 = -41$			$x_1 = 7; x_2 = -7$
$3x^2 + 3 = 24$			$x_1 = \sqrt{7}; x_2 = -\sqrt{7}$
$5x^2 - 40 = 40$			$x_1 = 4; x_2 = -4$
$5x^2 + 40 = 40$			$x = 0$
$3x^2 - 24 = 0$			$x_1 = 2\sqrt{2}; x_2 = -2\sqrt{2}$
$5x^2 + 3x = 0$			$x_1 = 0; x_2 = 3/5$
$x^2 + 8x = 0$			$x_1 = 0; x_2 = -8$
$4x^2 - 8x = 0$			$x_1 = 0; x_2 = 2$
$5x^2 + 40 = 0$			No tiene solución